

McKinney-Vento Criteria Verification Form

Child's name/Nombre del niño: _____ DOB/Fecha de Nacimiento ____/____/____

Parent's/legal guardian's name(s)/ Padre o tutor (es): _____

For how long has this family lived at current place/Por cuanto tiempo ha vivido su familia en esta situación? _____

Why did they move from previous place/Porqué se mudó de su dirección previa? _____

Please explain housing situation for this family and include any third party verification/Favor de explicar su situación de vivienda actual, incluyendo nombres de programas o agencias que lo están ayudando:

MARK ALL THAT APPLIES/Marque todo lo que sea verdadero en su situación:

- Living with extended family or friends / sharing housing with extended family/friends/non relatives **due to economic hardship** or loss of housing (vivo en la casa de parientes, amigos o conocidos **debido a dificultades económicas**)
- living in a shelter, motel, etc, (vivo en un albergue o motel) Does not have a home (no tengo hogar) child waiting foster care placement

Parent/Primary caregiver describes current housing situation as (el padre del niño describe su vivienda como):

- Overcrowded (*hacinamiento*) unsafe (*insegura*) unstable/temporary (*inestable o temporal*) would like to move/can't afford to move to own place (*le gustaría mudarse pero no le alcanza*)
- DOES NOT expect to be living in the same place next year (*No cree que siga viviendo aquí el próximo año*)
- had eviction/foreclosure/kicked out/lost home (*Fue desalojado o perdió su hogar previo*)
- Left home in fear (*Domestic Violence victim, Abuse*)/sufrió violencia doméstica o abuso: _____

What other community agencies is this family working with?/Otras agencias o programas trabajando con usted _____

Parent or legal guardian (padre o tutor) (optional) other Parent/guardian or witness ____/____/____
DATE (fecha)

PRE-K STAFF NAME PRE-K STAFF TITLE ____/____/____
DATE (fecha)

According to section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)), the term —
 (A) means individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence...; and
 (B) includes—
 (i) children and youths who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters; are abandoned in hospitals; or are awaiting foster care placement;
 (ii) children and youths who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
 (iii) children and youths who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
 (iv) Migratory children who qualify as homeless for the purposes of this subtitle because the children are living in circumstances described in clauses (i) through (iii).
 Family most fit both part A and any one of the subparts of part B of the definition above.

The McKinney-Vento Law

Priority enrollment in school for all children - Supports families and students

The intention of the federal McKinney-Vento law is to **remove all barriers** to **enrollment**, **attendance**, and **academic success** that children and youth who do not have permanent housing might face.

The McKinney-Vento law provides for rights and services to families and students who ***lack “a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence.”***

- A ***fixed*** residence is one that is stationary, permanent, and not subject to change.
- A ***regular*** residence is one which is used on a regular (i.e., nightly) basis.
- An ***adequate*** residence is one that is sufficient for meeting both the physical and psychological needs typically met in home environments.

International law defines adequate as follows:

“Adequate shelter means ... adequate privacy, adequate space, adequate security, adequate lighting and ventilation, adequate basic infrastructure and adequate location with regard to work and basic facilities - all at a reasonable cost.”

Some of the living situations that qualify under this definition are:

- Sheltered (EFAA, Safehouse, youth shelter, emergency/temporary foster care, etc.)
- Doubled Up due to Economic Hardship with Family or Friends
- Unsheltered (Cars, Parks, Campgrounds, etc.)
- Hotels/Motels
- and many other situations that may be fixed and regular but not adequate, like utilities are off, space is too small, no food.

La Ley McKinney-Vento

Prioridad inmediata para todos los niños -Apoyo para familias y estudiantes

El cometido de la ley federal McKinney-Vento es **eliminar todas las barreras** a la **inscripción**, **asistencia**, y **éxito académico** con que se pueden encontrar los niños y los jóvenes que no tienen un hogar permanente o adecuado.

La ley McKinney-Vento define “no tener hogar” como la ***“falta de una residencia fija, regular y adecuada durante la noche”***

- Una residencia ***fija*** es un hogar estacionario, permanente y que no está sujeto a cambios.
- Una residencia ***regular*** es la que se usa de forma habitual (es decir, todas las noches).
- Una residencia ***adecuada*** es aquella que cumple suficientemente las necesidades físicas y psicológicas que ofrecen normalmente los entornos de hogar.

Algunas situaciones de vida que entran dentro de esta definición son:

- Albergues (Albergues para desamparados, Safehouse, centro de acogida juvenil, adopción temporal/de emergencia, etc.)
- Vivienda conjunta con familia o amigos debido a dificultades económicas
- Desprotegida (viviendo en coches, parques, tiendas de campaña, etc.)
- Hoteles/moteles
- Y muchas otras situaciones que pueden ser fijas y regulares pero no adecuadas, como por ejemplo que no dispongan de servicios públicos (electricidad/gas/agua), que el espacio sea demasiado pequeño, que no haya comida.